

## REPORT 2016

The World Anti-Doping Agency was founded with the aim of bringing consistency to anti-doping policies and regulations within sport organizations and governments right across the world.

One of the most significant achievements in the fight against doping in sport to date has been the drafting, acceptance and implementation of a harmonized set of anti-doping rules, the World Anti-Doping Code (Code).

The World Anti-Doping Code (Code) works in conjunction with five International Standards aimed at bringing harmonization among anti-doping organizations in various technical areas.

These Standards have been the subject of lengthy consultation among WADA's stakeholders and are mandatory for all signatories of the Code.

WADA has developed Model Rules for National Olympic Committees, International Federations, Major Event Organizations and National Anti-Doping Organizations in order to assist these organizations in drafting anti-doping rules in line with the World Anti-Doping Code.

The 2016 World Anti-Doping Code revised Model Rules are now available for stakeholders to implement, and will assist in bringing organizations in line with the revised Code before it take effect on January 1, 2016.

The World Archery Europe (WAE) follows these guide lines and the whole Organizer Committees must make sure that these rules are followed during the course of an Event.

We could note that in few competition not all the request in the antidoping controls were exactly understood and we had to step on the field to help them. For this reason we please you to be clear when we we ask you if you need our support sending you the forms or the

tester for the alcohol controls. Don't hesitate to contact the Secretary. We are always available.

There is another important rule in the fight to doping, the Athlete Biological Passport (ABP). The fundamental principle of the Athlete Biological Passport (ABP) is to monitor selected biological variables over time that indirectly reveal the effects of doping rather than attempting to detect the doping substance or method itself.

Anti-doping organizations can integrate the Athlete Biological Passport into the larger framework of a robust anti-doping program in order to:

Identify and target athletes for specific analytical testing by intelligent and timely interpretation of Passport data; and

Pursue possible anti-doping rule violations based on an atypical passport, in accordance with Article 2.2: Use or attempted use by an athlete of a prohibited substance or a prohibited method of the World Anti-Doping Code (Code).

You can find the guide lines on the WADA website [wada-ama.org](http://wada-ama.org)